THE
South-Carolina GAZETTE.
[NUMB. 1785.]
THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1769.

They lay wait, as he that setteth snares; they set a trap.
JEREMIAH.

Mr. TIMOTHY,

ANY remarks might undoubtedly be made, on that most curious *miscellaneous* piece, published in your last Gazette but one, and signed William Wragg, planter.

Though I am persuaded, that gentleman will term, any observations from me, "abuse;" "a gratifying the rancour of my heart;" and say they proceed from "virulence, inveteracy, and malice," and "my thinking he ought to be sent to the Devil," &c. &c. Yet still, Mr. Timothy, I cannot suffer three or four particular paragraphs, in that most *inimitable* performance, to pass altogether unnoticed, let Mr. W. put thereon what *polite* construction he please; not that I think, *any* observations from me, actually *necessary*; being really so "heavy," as not to perceive, even one assertion or argument, in my last letter, in the least affected, by all or any of the *pretty* things said, either of himself or me, throughout his reply.---*Confident* assertions, disingenuous turns, *little* catches, sneers, and evasions, I *expected*; and these *are* to be found in great plenty: But any thing, with only *the appearance* of an argument, excepting his two most *admirable syllogisms*, is extremely rare.

Indeed, were it not *manifest*, from St. John's not having one sitting member, in the last assembly, and from the number of gentlemen elected in this, for that parish, who have refused to qualify, *what difficulties* the electors thereof, *in particular*, are put to, to *find* members to represent them, Mr. W's reasoning, with regard to his re-election, notwithstanding he desired to decline their service, might have *some* force.

Near the close of the first part of my last letter, printed in your Gazette, No. 1780, is this observation, "That in the carrying on of all kinds of human transactions, of whatever nature or consequence, where the consent of a community or body of men is required, from the lowest club up to the parliament of Great-Britain, or the people of the greatest nation upon earth, when an indisputable majority of such bodies of men, have deliberately determined upon any business, *within their several spheres*, and fixed upon the manner of doing it; *the minority* (especially one like ours, so inconsiderable, as puzzles me to find a name diminutive enough for it) are, and ought to be, *bound of course*;" at least, so far as "*not to oppose*." [*See the* whole *paragraph in* my *letter.*]

At this plain argument, founded on the common experience of mankind, in all ages, and supported by this law maxim besides:

Ubi major pars est, ibi est totum.

Where the major part is, there [*by the law*] is the whole.

Mr. W. sneeringly exclaims, "What deep knowledge of the law is discloſed in this paragraph; which, indeed, *he blushes* to transcribe!" And again, "A very patriotic declaration truly!"

"---------- *Alter*
"*Si feciſſet idem, caderet ſub judice morum.*"

'Tis well for Mr. W. in my opinion, that old Cato is not alive, and in authority amongst us. Were he so, he would soon, at least, make this gentleman *blush* indeed; for thus *confidently* attempting, to undermine one of the most common and absolutely necessary rules, for doing business, amongst all bodies of men; and that too, without affording us so much as "a hint," to serve in its stead. But reader, be not at all surprized, it is the gentleman's usual way, when pinched, and not able to answer an argument fairly, to treat it in this manner: Which,

"---------- *Alter*
"*Si feciſſet idem.*"

would immediately be called downright effrontery. But rather than the *modest* Mr. W. should be put to the "*blush*," any old rule, we have been heretofore ever so fond of, ought, to be sure, to be instantly discarded.

To prop up, as well as he can, this *very high* and extraordinary proceeding, which the moment I perceived, *long and well-knowing* the gentleman's *peculiar* method of arguing, I could not forbear laughing at very heartily. I say, in support of this proceeding, he starts the following questions:

"If such reasoning is just, how can parliament punish taylors for a combination to increase their wages?

"Why are weavers and others prohibited from forming themselves into unlawful clubs, and from entering into combinations, and making by-laws and orders, by which they pretend to regulate the trade and prices of goods?

"If this language is to prevail, with what face can our regulators be restrained and punished? They insist upon having county courts amongst them; they feel evils for the want of them: This they have determined by a large majority. They may be right in their principle, but they act contrary to law; and yet, ALL THESE ARE acting *in their several spheres.*"

Now, I must beg Mr. W's pardon, though he "*blush*" ever so much, for insisting here, that "*all these*" are not "acting *in*," but *out* of "their several spheres."

For, with regard to taylors and weavers, they are but a very inconsiderable number of individuals, when compared with the *whole* of the subjects *in* Great-Britain: Far, very far, from being any thing like *a majority* thereof. They are, besides, *represented* in parliament; and have thereby, *constitutionally assented* to acts of parliament, restricting them, in the respects Mr. W. hints at: When therefore, they are found, opposing those very acts of parliament, they have *thus assented to*, they cannot but be found acting WITHOUT their spheres; and, consequently, *justly* subject to the penalties mentioned in those acts. And the people, calling themselves regulators, amongst our back settlers, are in the like situation, with regard to this province, *being represented* in the general assembly thereof: They are also, by no means, *a majority* of its freeholders. For these, and many other obvious reasons, those people, in any disorders they may have committed, have visibly acted OUT of their spheres likewise; and therefore, their impatience and misbehaviour, certainly cannot be justified. But are all, or any of these instances, to be compared with the present case of the *unrepresented* Americans, *almost unanimously* struggling for the recovery of their most valuable rights and liberties, *manifestly* invaded by the late *unconstitutional* acts of p--------t; which NOT ONE *of them ever have, in any shape, assented to*; and this too, after having *undeniably* taken, and that *repeatedly, every other constitutional step in their power, to procure relief, without the least hopes of success.* But enough, for notwithstanding this writer tells us, "*he blushes* to transcribe the *paragraph*" (which, by the bye, he has only done *partially*) of my last letter containing this matter, I will not affront the reader's understanding so much, as to dwell any longer upon so plain a case. But, as Mr. W. himself, has *condescended* to inform us, that "nothing evidences penetration and ability, more than making *discoveries* the rest of mankind are *strangers* to;" and we all know, his *unexceptionable pretensions* to these excellencies: We cannot, therefore, but hope, he will one day or other, *enlighten* the world with his *new and better* method of *discovering*, when any club, corporation, parliament, or body of people whatever, "acting *within their several spheres*," have agreed upon any matter before them. For my part, I confess myself, *as yet*, so dull, as not to conceive, how it can be known, in any other than the *old* manner, *by a majority.*

Mr. W. says, I have not taken the least notice of his observation on our *first* resolution: "the *illegality of this* ALONE, satisfies him in the determination he came to, not to subscribe."

Now, Mr. Timothy, if this gentleman will declare, he admits the late revenue-acts of parliament, which he cannot deny are made for the express purpose of raising a revenue in America, *are unconstitutional*, according to the almost unanimous voice of *all* the sons of America, I will then engage to prove, that at least *since, and during the existence of those acts*, those very two, mentioned by him, forbidding the transporting of woollen manufactures and hats from one colony to another, *on which alone* he founds the *illegality*, as he calls it, of our first resolution, *are unconstitutional likewise*, as far as they relate to the colonies; and consequently, that the Americans have *a right* to counteract them too. In the mean time, he must excuse me, as I do not *yet* think it of any consequence to our resolutions (notwithstanding I grant, those two acts were not made "for the purpose of raising a revenue"): Because, it is the general opinion of all the British subjects in America, and of numbers besides in Great-Britain, that if the colonists strictly adhere to their resolutions, only one or two years at most, what we all wish for, *must be* attained. This being granted is it at all probable, that *within that time*, any colony in North-America, will be able to make hats and woollens, sufficient (exclusive of their own consumption) to export in such cargoes, as to "invite" any man to run any *unnecessary* risks, by making adventures of that sort? I say, *unnecessary* risks; for of what importance is it to our common liberties, in what colony an American made hat, or woollen cloth for a jacket, &c. is consumed, if those articles, so made, are used, as much as possible, in the room of British, it is all we aim at: And if an inhabitant of any one colony manufacturing those articles, but not sufficient for its own consumption, export them to another colony, it cannot lessen any more the use of British manufactures, *in general*, than if they had not been exported at all: It may *in particular* in that province he sends those articles to: But then the inhabitants of his own province not making enough (by the supposition) for themselves, must procure others from Great-Britain, in the room of what is exported of their own make, or go without: Therefore, I say, there is no occasion, as yet, to run any risks.

The intent of making our first resolution *so general*, was, I take it, principally to shew our goodwill to, and *hearty union* with, the other colonies, at this interesting period.

As to "*compelling* any person, to transgress those acts of parliament," Mr. W. must pardon me for asserting, that our resolutions do no such thing.

Mr. W's repeating his *candid design*, in laying such stress on the *illegality*, as he calls it, of our first resolution, is easily seen through: Though I will not, as I have already said, enquire, at this time, into the *constitutionalness* of the two acts of parliament he builds that assertion on; because, I not only think it needless, for the reasons just given, but also endless, to attempt it, with a man who admits, that the parliament have *a right* to make laws and statutes, of sufficient force and validity, to bind the colonies and people of America, subject to the crown of Great-Britain, IN ALL CASES WHATEVER. However, thus much I will now tell this gentleman, as,

Veritas nihil veretur nisi abscondi.

Truth fears nothing but to be concealed.

that I think those acts of parliament, *as unnatural*, as they most certainly are *impolitic*: For what can be more unnatural, than, that two American neighbours, separated from each other by a few miles or yards, or perhaps, by only what is called a mathematical line, both subjects too of the same King, and intitled to the same *constitutional* rights and privileges, with any of their fellow-subjects, even in Great-Britain itself, one living in one province, the other in another, that it shall not be lawful for one of these men, to purchase a hat, or woollen cloth made by the other, sufficient for a jacket, and carry it home, but must *be obliged* to buy such of these kind of articles he may want, as have been manufactured three thousand miles distant from him, by men he knows nothing of? That they are extremely impolitic, with regard to America especially, may be gathered from the acts themselves; for the Lord High Admiral of Great-Britain, is directed in those very acts, in order to prevent woollen manufactures being exported from Ireland to foreign parts, "to keep three ships of the sixth rate, and eight or MORE armed sloops, *constantly* cruizing in proper stations;" which, together with the severe penalties and forfeitures, mentioned in the acts besides, are hardly sufficient to answer the purpose thereof. If this be the case on the Irish coast, and that immediately, as it were, under the eye of the Lords of the Admiralty, who are impowered and directed, to dispatch as many cruizers as they think proper, *instantly*, upon any pressing occasion, what must be the case with regard to North-America, supposing several of the provinces, some few years hence, manufacturing more than sufficient of these articles for their own consumption, should watch for opportunities to convey them to the neighbouring colonies, *as willing to receive, as they to send* them? Would it be possible for Great-Britain, with *all* her fleet (which would soon be *again* very inconsiderable, without her colony trade) admitting she was even to leave Ireland entirely unguarded, to prevent the colonies from supplying each other? And if she did, must it not be at a most immense *continual* expence, in naval and land forces? In short, these acts must, in the course of things, meet with the fate of *all* SUCH acts; that is, be evaded and counteracted, whenever *any man*, but a mere bigot to passive obedience, thinks he can do it with safety. Such measures as these, are mere *low temporary expedients*, calculated only to make a *short and compulsive*, not by any means an *harmonious, solid, and lasting union*, between two bodies of people, at so vast a distance as Great-Britain and America. And is it not astonishing, that our mother country should continue to persist in such narrow and arbitrary schemes, mere patch-work, neither handsome nor lasting, when the mildest, the most natural, and most generous plan, built on the *broad and solid foundation of mutual advantage*, has been so often, and so clearly demonstrated, by several truly patriotic writers, both British and American, to be the best and most likely means to promote her own true and lasting peace, as well as interest?

It may not be amiss, at this time, to lay before the reader, the preamble of one of these acts, that of William the Third, by which he will learn, *from the highest authority*, how nearly and tenderly Great-Britain must be affected by the *American resolution* to disuse her manufactures, particularly of the woollen kind:

"Forasmuch as wool, and the woollen manufactures of "cloth, serge, bays, kerseys, and other stuffs, made or "mixed with wool, *are the greatest, and most profitable* "commodity of this kingdom; ON WHICH *the value of* "*lands, and the trade of the nation, do chiefly depend*; "And whereas great quantities of the like manufactures, "have of late been made, and are daily encreasing in the "kingdom of Ireland, and in the English plantations in "America, and are exported from thence to foreign "markets, heretofore supplied from England; *which* "*will* INEVITABLY *sink the value of lands, and tend* "*to the ruin of the trade, and the woollen manufactures* "*of this realm.* For the preservation thereof, &c. be "it enacted, &c."

All who know *any thing* of me, must be convinced, there is not the least danger, that my "envy" of Mr. William Wragg will ever "choak me;" and I beg leave to assure him, he is one of the last men in the province, whose condition and *feelings* I could ever be brought to "envy:" So far from it, I ---------- *pity him* rather, especially as he *now* declares, "he would avoid offending *any one* subscriber;" and that "he shall *continue* to pray for ------- the peace of Jerusalem; of this his native country." But how long he has been, or will *continue*, in this praying mood, I know not. This I am very sure of, for these seventeen years past, or thereabouts, since his last return amongst us, "Jerusalem, his native country," has never *continued* to enjoy much *public* peace, *long* together.

And the *N. B.* he subjoins immediately after this prayer (so very inconsistent therewith) has, in my humble opinion, no very promising aspect.

Mr. W. there says; "If he, and his loving, and beloved friends, look upon *my unseconded motion* for that purpose [*for a statue in honour of his Majesty*] as having excited *universal contempt*, and rendered me *both unpopular and odious*, &c." Judge now, reader, whether any man, *in the same breath*, with a "sincere" prayer "for the peace of Jerusalem," could utter such a ------- I will not call it "*malicious*," but groundless insinuation? Have I attempted to say, or insinuate, *any where*, that *his unseconded motion*, for a statue for his Majesty, rendered him in the least *contemptible, unpopular, or odious?*

From the first of my seeing Mr. W's address to the electors of St. John's parish, it immediately struck me, that his *singling out that unseconded motion*, as the ONLY particular of his conduct in assembly, to lay before his constituents, and that too *considerably more than two years after it happened*, must have proceeded from some extraordinary *consulted* design, between "*him, and his loving, and beloved friends*," to *blazon* him, at the expence of the loyalty of *all* the rest of that assembly, there alluded to.---The harping still, upon the *same* string, *confirms me* in that opinion; and gives room still to think, *that design* is not yet *fully completed*, according to his "*prevailing desire.*" The most pointed of my words, with regard to that matter, are these; "Your last letter, to the electors of St. John's parish, contained *an insinuation* of the blackest kind, against a late assembly, of as loyal subjects as ever served their --ing and country, founded only upon *the unseconded motion* there mentioned, &c." Again, "*This insinuation*, I say" *(not his unseconded motion)* "was justly despised, at the time of its appearance, and passed over with silent contempt; being looked upon as * * * * * * * * I can give it no epithets, equal to its deserts." Besides, Mr. W. himself, in his just mentioned address *alone*, has furnished the most *scrupulous* reader with evidence *enough, to convince him*, that *personal resentment* to Mr. Pitt, rather than any thing else *whatever*, gave the first rise to *that* unseconded motion.

I shall now, Mr. Timothy, be done, at least, till I see something of an argument, founded on reason *or fact*, ad rem: In the mean time, I beg leave to caution the reader of Mr. W's last letter, to beware of many as *extraordinary and groundless* insinuations therein, as what I have already pointed out.

Yours, &c.
A MEMBER OF THE ASSEMBLY,
AND
SIGNER OF THE RESOLUTIONS.

Nov. 27, 1769.

P. S. I hope Mr. W. when he pitched upon his motto, "did not forget, or *affect* to forget," that there is such a foundation maxim of our law, as,

Salus populi, est suprema lex.

New Advertisements.

THE Subscriber has taken the Watering-Place at GREENWICH, fronting Rebellion-Road; from whence he proposes supplying Shipping with excellent SPRING WATER: Casks filled at the Landing at 10s. per Ton, and delivered on board any Ship in the Harbour or Road, at 20s. per Ton; the Casks cleaned and trimmed at the lowest Rate. At same Place may be had, Oak or Hickory FIREWOOD, or Pine Wood for Dunage, cut to any Length, delivered on the Spot, considerably under the Charles-Town Price; good yellow Pine Spars, and Pump Logs, at a short Notice, small Quantities of Scantling, Boards, Pine Planks, or Live-Oak Timbers, to fit any Mould; good Lime, burnt from live Shells, and slacked with fresh Water, which makes great Difference in Building, particularly in Plastering, as it wont give in damp Weather, by RICHARD BARNETT.

A Journeyman SOAP-BOILER and TALLOW-CHANDLER, who understands that Business, and is sober, may meet with proper Encouragement; as shall, a maker of SEINES, and other NETTS, or any discreet Tradesman out of Business.

JAMES M'CALL,

Has just imported in the Prince-of-Wales, *from* Philadelphia,

SHIP, Water, Milk, and Butter Bread, superfine Flour, in Half Barrels and Kegs; Haines's best double Beer; Boxes of hard Soap; fresh Chocolate, &c. &c.

N. B. Choice Firkin BUTTER.

WHEREAS a PARSONAGE HOUSE is intended to be built, upon the Glebe-Land of CHRIST-CHURCH PARISH; Notice is hereby given, to any Person or Persons, who may be inclined to execute the same, that a Plan or Description of it, may be seen in the Hands of the Church-Wardens, ANDREW HIBBEN, Esqr in Charles-Town, and Mr. JOSEPH WIGFALL, in said Parish; to whom Proposals for the Building must be given in, sealed up, and directed to the Vestry, any Time before the tenth Day of December next.

New Advertisements.

WILLIAM BEGBIE, AND DANIEL MANSON,

Inform their Friends, and the Public in general,

THAT they carry on Ship-Building, Heaving-down, and Repairs, at HORCAW: Alſo Heaving-down, Graving, Repairs, and Maſt-making, &c. at Mr. JOHN ROSE's Wharf, at Charles-Town; and are furniſhed with a large Stock of Live-Oak Timber, Standards and Knees, likewiſe a Number of ſeaſoned Spars, fit for Lower-maſts, Yards and Top-maſts, with a Parcel of Cypreſs Spars, very light, and fit for Top-gallant-maſts, Yards and Booms; Plank of different Sorts, and all other Materials neceſſary for Shipping: And will be much obliged to all ſuch as may be pleaſed to favour them with their Buſineſs, who may depend on having their Work done in the beſt Manner, and on the moſt reaſonable Terms.

They have to Lett, Two large and convenient STORES, each Tenement divided into three lower Stores, and two Lofts above. Any Perſon inclinable to hire the Whole, or any Part, may apply to WILLIAM BEGBIE, at the ſaid Stores, on Mr. ROSE's Wharf, where conſtant Attendance is given.

WILLIAM GREAVES,

HATH JUST OPENED,

A large Aſſortment of GOODS,

Imported in the laſt Veſſels from GREAT-BRITAIN,

Conſiſting of a large Aſſortment of IRONMONGERY, CUTLERY, HOSIERY, &c. &c. *viz.*

A Very handſome STOVE GRATE, and a few common Ditto; a very neat Braſs Hearth, very neat open-work Braſs and Iron Fenders, and plain moulding Ditto, ſome of them 6 Feet long, Kitchen and Chamber Dogs, Bellows, Shovels and Tongs in Sets and Pairs, Trivets and Cinder Shovels, Copper and japanned Coal-Scoops, and Chimney-Backs, Braſs Candleſticks, bright Iron and Copper Tea-Kettles, Fiſh Ditto, Copper Stew-Pans, Grid-Irons, caſt Iron Dutch-Ovens, Braſs and Iron Chafing-Diſhes, Carpenters Planes, Mill, Croſs-cut, and Hand Saws, Chizzels, Gouges, and Plane Irons, Hammers, Pincers, Nippers, and Smiths Anvils at 3/9. per lb. Files of all Sorts, large Braſs and Copper Scales and Beams, Braſs, Lead, and Iron Weights, 20d. Nails, at 55*s.* per 1000; 20d. Ditto, at 37/6. 6d. 23/9. 5d. 18/9. 20d. Flooring-Brads, 55*s.* and Sheathing-Nails, at 12*l.* per 100lb. Pull-back Iron-rimbed and Mortice Locks, Quern and Grind-Stones, broad Hoes, Cooper's Givets, Jointers, and ſpare Irons, very neat Mahogany Shaving-Boxes, very neat Ivory Handle Knives and Forks, one Set of very neat Silver Ditto, in a Fiſh-ſkin Caſe, for 35*l.* Braſs Stirrups, Livery and Chair Lace, Curtain-Lines and Taſſels, Bed Lace and Webs of all Kinds, Scotch Saddles, Mens, Womens, and Boys Worſted, Cotton, and Thread Hoſe, &c. &c.. Alſo exceeding fine HYSON TEA, at firſt Coſt and Charges, for ready Money.

N. B. Exceeding good BUTTER in Kegs, and CAROLINA FLOUR in Barrels.

JOSHUA LOCKWOOD,

WATCH-MAKER,

Has juſt imported, in the Ship UNION, *Captain* WILLIAM COOMBES, *from* LONDON,

A NEAT Aſſortment of CLOCKS and WATCHES, Jewellery, and ſundry Articles of Cutlery; amongſt which are ſome entirely new faſhioned Pillar Candleſticks, Queen's Mettle, and a few very neat Pillar Ditto, that are Copper-plated ſo thick, if they are ſcraped, cannot be known from Silver; a few double Dozens of green Ivory, black and red Ebony Table and Deſert Knives and Forks, with London Blades: Ladies Turtle-ſhell and Ivory Combs, Horn Ditto of all Sorts; Sets of neat gilt Buckles, and a great Variety of faſhionable Mettal and Plated Ditto, Gold, Silver, and Mettal Seals, Gold, Silver, Steel, Mettal, and ſilvered Watch-Chains, Pocket-Books, Silver and Steel-mounted Pocket-Piſtols, Silver and Stone Sleeve-Buttons, Snuff-Boxes, Gold and Silver Rings, Steel-topt Thimbles, Pen-Knives, Cork-Screws, and ſeveral other Articles: The Whole will be ſold very Reaſonable, at my Shop, in Broad-Street. 85-9t.

AS I intend to embark for ST. AUGUSTINE, in ten Days from the Date hereof, I am, in the mean Time, ready to anſwer or give Bail, to any Suit or Complaint that may be commenced againſt me, purſuant to the Attachment-Act, in ſuch Caſe made and provided: Dated at Charles-Town, this 27th Day of November, 1769.

WILLIAM STRETTEL.

THIS is to deſire all Perſons, any Ways indebted to the Eſtate of JAMES GLAZE, deceaſed, late of Ponpon, either by Bond, Note, or Book-Debt, to diſcharge the ſame immediately, as there is an abſolute Neceſſity for ſettling the ſame: And all thoſe to whom the ſaid Eſtate is any Ways indebted, are deſired to bring in their Demands, properly atteſted, for Settlement, to

STEPHEN FORD,
JOHN LIDDLE, } *Executors.*

THIS is to give Notice, that PONPON-BRIDGE is now in much want of Repair: Any Perſon, willing to undertake the ſame, may meet with Encouragement, by applying to the Commiſſioners, on or before Wedneſday the 20th of December, at the Houſe of Capt. LAZARUS BROWN, in Jackſonſburg.

ISAAC HAYNE,
CHRISTOPHER PETER,
JOSEPH BEE,
THOMAS ROBERTS,
THOMAS SMITH.

FORT PRINCE-GEORGE, *November 7th*, 1769.

TAKEN UP in September laſt, by the Subſcriber, who commands Fort Prince-George, in the Lower Settlements of the Cherokee Nation, a NEGRO FELLOW, named JACK; ſpeaks pretty good Engliſh, ſays he belongs to the Eſtate of *John Stobo*, of *Virginia*, and that he has been away about four Years. The Owner may come, or ſend, and apply to EDWARD WILKINSON.

*** Should the Proprietor be willing to part from the ſaid Fellow, *Forty Pounds* Sterling will be given for him, by applying as above.

RUN AWAY from my Plantation, in Prince-William's Pariſh, about two Months ago, an elderly new Negro Man, named PETER, cannot talk Engliſh; had on when he went away, an old white Negro Cloth Jacket, and long Trowſers, having a large red Pocket in one of his Jacket Skirts; is about 5 Feet 7 Inches high, his Country Marks on his Forehead, both Sides of his Face, Breaſt, &c. ſtands remarkably wide upon his Legs, and his Teeth filed. Whoever delivers him to my Overſeer, at the ſaid Plantation, or to the Warden of the Work-Houſe, ſhall have FIVE POUNDS Currency, Reward, beſides lawful Charges. ROBERT PHILP.

HEAD & GIBALL,

HAVE for Sale, a Cargo of fine Jamaica RUM, and SUGAR, now landing at ROPER's Wharf, from on board the Ship NANNY, DAVID PERRY, Maſter, from JAMAICA.

ALSO,

AT EIGHT AND AN HALF FOR ONE,

EXCEEDING good white Plains, Duffils, Taffaties, Perſians, Callicoes, printed Cottons, Long and Piſtol Lawns, Cambricks, Chints, Ginghams, Barcelona black Silk Cravats, and Handkerchers, ſewing Silk, Mozeens, Manchester Checks of all Kinds, Starrets, Jeans, Jeannets, Silk Hollands, Cotton Ditto, Carridaries, Counterpanes, Drawboys, Dimities, Cotton Gown Patterns, Bed-bunts, fine Iriſh and Scotch Shirting Linens, 7-8 and 3-4 Dowlas, brown and white Sheeting, Ditto Osnabrugs, Sail-Cloth, black Breeches Patterns; an Aſſortment of Thread Hoſe, ſmoaking Pikes, &c.

LIKEWISE,

A few Pieces of good Kendal COTTONS, Eighteen Yards each, at Five Pounds per Piece, ſweet Mountain, and Liſbon WINE, cheap.

ALL Preſent and Former Grand and other Officers and Stewards, of the Provincial GRAND LODGE, of the moſt Ancient and Honourable Society of FREE and ACCEPTED MASONS, in SOUTH-CAROLINA, and all preſent Maſters and Wardens of Regular Conſtituted Lodges, under the aforeſaid Juriſdicton, are deſired to aſſemble, in Quarterly Communication, at Seven o'Clock in the Evening of TUESDAY the Fifth Day of DECEMBER 5769, in the Lodge-Room, at Mr. DILLON's, in Charles-Town.

By the Grand Maſter's Command,
ROBERT WELLS, G. Secretary.

TO BE SOLD,

A Plantation ſituated on the Neck, between Wallace's Creek, and Stono River, about Half a Mile below Wallace's-Bridge, St. Paul's Pariſh, containing about 500 Acres, good for Corn and Indico; alſo ſome Rice Land, with great Store of Firewood, and convenient for making of Bricks; thereon is a good and convenient Dwelling-Houſe of ſix Rooms, beſides Cloſets, a good Cellar under the Houſe, a Kitchen, Overſeer's Houſe, Barn, Corn-Houſe, with all other Conveniencies.

Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may enquire of Mr. ALEXANDER MICHIE Merchant, in Charles-Town, or on ſaid Plantation, of LACHLAN MACKINTOSH.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of GEORGE SEAMAN, deceaſed, are hereby requeſted to pay off their reſpective Debts immediately; and thoſe to whom the ſaid Eſtate may be indebted, are deſired to give in their Accompts, properly atteſted, that we may be enabled to cloſe the Affairs thereof, as ſpeedily as poſſible.

t. f. JAMES LENNOX,
DAVID DEAS,
WILLIAM LENNOX,
JOHN DEAS. } EXECUTORS.

THOMAS WALTER,

Has juſt imported, in the PORTLAND, *Capt.* WILSON; *the* MERMAID, *Capt.* BALL, *and other late Veſſels from* LONDON *and* BRISTOL,

A COMPLEAT ASSORTMENT OF GOODS, fit for the Seaſon;

AMONGST WHICH ARE,

A Large Quantity of IRISH LINENS, Ten per Cent. at leaſt, cheaper than uſual; beautiful Patterns of Cotton and Callicoes, worked Lawn Aprons and Handkerchers, plain and flowered Gauze, remarkably cheap; handſome Bed Patterns, Engliſh and India Perſians, French Trimmings, Cloaks, Capuchines, Ruſſel Petticoats, Jaconett and Muſlins, Axes, at £. 10 per Dozen, Rice-Sickles, 42*ſ.* 6*d.* per Dozen, Muſcovado Sugar, £. 12 10*ſ.* per C. Weight, fine old Jamaica Rum, Wine, Salt, &c.

To be SOLD,

A Valuable Negro Man, his Wife, and Child (the Owner having diſpoſed of his Plantation, has no further Occaſion for them) the Man is an exceeding good Mower, Hay-Maker, and Ploughman, and can do every Thing neceſſary in a Plantation, as well as look after a Dairy of Cows, make Butter, &c. &c.---The Woman is a good plain Cook, Waſher, and Ironer:---Alſo a Negro Girl, Province born, about fourteen Years old, is very handy in a Houſe, as well as in a Plantation: ---And a Man, about forty Years old, has been uſed to a Plantation, and can work tolerably well in the Field. The Whole may be depended upon, as they are not ſold for any Crime, but bear the beſt of Characters. Enquire of

THOMAS PIKE,

oppoſite *John Izard*, Eſqr's. in *Church-Street*.

So be Sold or Leaſed,

In ſmall Tracts, and on reaſonable Terms,

TWO Baronies of LAND, one on the Head of Black-River, the other on the North Side of Pedee-River, adjoining to Catfiſh-Creek, both in Craven-County, the Property of NICHOLAS LINWOOD and WILLIAM BAKER, Eſquires, of *London*. The aforeſaid Baronies, contain large Tracts of exceeding fine Oak and Hickory Swamp, and Marſh Lands, extremely proper for the culture of Rice, Corn, Indico, Wheat, Hemp, and every other Article to which the Climate is adapted. The Plats may be ſeen in the Hands of Mr. JAMES THOMSON, Deputy-Surveyor. AND WHEREAS little Regard has been paid by the Treſpaſſers on the Black-River Barony, to our former Advertiſement, requeſting either Removal from the ſaid Land, or the immediate Purchaſe of the ſame: We now, for the laſt Time, inform all Perſons concerned, both on the Black-River, and Pedee Baronies, that unleſs they remove from, or obtain Title to, their ſeveral Poſſeſſions, either by Purchaſe or Leaſe, from us, on or before the firſt Day of December next, Action at Law will be then commenced againſt them: *And, leſt it ſhould be imagined, that Circumſtances favourable to them, have hitherto prevented us from purſuing compulſive Meaſures, according to our former Notice, we think it proper to inform them, that the Death of Mr.* FISHER, *one of the Proprietors, and the Neceſſity of a Renewal of Letters of Attorney, were the only Obſtacles to the enforcement of our former Reſolutions*, which Letters of Attorney are now tranſmitted to us. ALSO,

A PART of the BARONY in Granville County, known by the Name of JASPER's BARONY, adjoining Lands of Col. Heyward, and other Settlements on the Euhaws. The Plat is to be ſeen in the Hands of Mr. WILLIAM MAINE. Credit will be given for the above Lands, the Purchaſer paying Intereſt, from the Day of Sale, and giving approved Security.

t. f. PAUL TRAPIER,
DAVID DEAS,
JOHN DEAS. } *Attornies for* Nicholas Linwood, *and* William Baker, *Eſqrs*

September 11th, 1769.

TO BE SOLD,

To the higheſt Bidder or Bidders, upon the Ground, *On* Wedneſday *the 6th Day of* December *next, if a fair Day, if not, on the* Friday *following*;

BETWEEN Eighty and Ninety large valuable LOTS of LAND, pleaſantly ſituated in AUSTIN FIELD, late the Property of George Auſtin, Eſq; within Three Hundred Yards of the Town-Gates, having a very extenſive Front on Cooper-River, and commanding a beautiful Proſpect of Fort-Johnſon, the Bay before Charles-Town, and all the adjacent Country Northwardly, and Eaſtwardly; the Land is much higher than Charles-Town, being from ten to twelve Feet above High-Water Mark, by an exact Level lately taken, and is therefore apparently out of all Danger from Hurricane Floods.

On the North Side runs a bold Creek capable of admitting Veſſels of ten Feet Draught of Water in common high Tides, and in high Spring Tides there are twelve Feet Water on the Bar at the Entrance of the Creek, which deepens all the way up to the intended Landing.

The Diſtance from the Creek to the high Land is about One Hundred Yards, where a ſubſtantial Cauſeway or Wharf, of at leaſt twenty Feet wide, will be made by the preſent Proprietors, within nine Months after the Sale, as much ſooner as poſſible.

On the South Side there is alſo a Creek capable of admitting Boats of five Feet Draught, within Twenty Yards of the high Land, where another ample Cauſeway or Wharf will be made by the preſent Proprietors within ſix Months.

Firewood, Bricks, Timber, and every other Article, may be landed on ſuch Cauſeways or Wharfs, as conveniently as on the Wharfs in Charles-Town, free from Wharfage to the Purchaſers of the Lots, for twelve Months after the ſaid Wharfs are completed.

Theſe LOTS are from Eighty to One Hundred Feet front, and between Two Hundred and Three Hundred Feet in Depth, which in proceſs of Time, will admit of very beneficial Subdiviſions, as moſt of the Lots front on two Streets: Moſt of the Streets are Forty Feet wide.

A large Square of Four Hundred and Fifty Feet on each Side is left in the Center of the Town, for ſuch public Uſes and Purpoſes, as ſhall be agreed upon by the firſt Twenty-one Purchaſers of the Lots, or a Majority of them.

The Purchaſers may have twelve Months Credit, with Intereſt from the Date, giving good Security.

The Plat may be ſeen at HENRY LAURENS, Eſqr's. Mr. WILLIAM BAMPFIELD's, or with

ROBERT WELLS.

John Edwards, & Comp.

Acquaint their Friends and Cuſtomers, That they have juſt imported, in the Ship Polly, *Captain* George Minthall, *from* LIVERPOOLE:

A LARGE Quantity of WHITE PLAINS, of an extra Width and Quality; a Quantity of Womens Stuff Shoes; and Boys and Girls Leather Ditto; a few compleat Table Sets of Queen's Ware; a few Cheſhire Cheeſes; a Quantity of red Paving-Tiles, and ſome extra Grindſtones, and fine Salt, with many uſeful Articles: Which, with their LARGE STOCK OF GOODS, lately imported by other Veſſels, they will ſell, upon the ſame reaſonable Terms as heretofore.

As I purpoſe going to ENGLAND *next Spring, having ſome Plantations to the Northward, and ſome on* New-River; *that my Intereſt may be managed with greater Facility in my Abſence, induces me to break up and diſpoſe of theſe my Midway* PLANTATIONS, *viz.*

THAT valuable PLANTATION called GREEN SAVANNA, in St. Paul's Pariſh, about twelve Miles from Stono-Bridge, containing about 2500 Acres of Land, fit for Rice and Indico, under good Dams, with good Reſervoirs of Water, and on or about one Mile on Ponpon-River, which ſaves great Labour in carting: The Pine-Land belonging to ſaid Tract, is extremely well timbered with a good Sort of Pine; a large new Barn, and a Machine that beats out four Barrels of Rice by Dinner Time, with a two Story Dwelling-Houſe, and all other convenient Buildings.

CHELSEA PLANTATION, at the Euhaws, on a Branch of the Okattie, about 500 Acres of Land for Rice and Indico, well timbered, with a Reſervoir of Water.

PUTNEY PLANTAION, adjoining, and bears the ſame Deſcription.

The Purchaſers may enter on the Premiſes in proper Time for planting next Year, and have two or three Years Credit if deſired, paying Intereſt. Mr. Samuel Parker, Manager at Green Savanna, and Mr. James Gignilliat, at Chelſea and Putney, will give the needful Information when applied to.

THOMAS SHUBRICK.

THE Subſcriber has a fine large London-made CHAISE, the Shafts ſhift out and in, and has a Pole belonging to it for a Pair of Horſes: Alſo a good Second-hand CHAIR, and will diſpoſe of both very reaſonably. He has likewiſe a large Quantity of coarſe SHOES, at 25*ſ.* per Pair; and continues to make Harneſs, with the beſt Braſs Furniture. PATRICK HINDS.

Charles-Town Price Current.

Of South Carolina Produce and Manufactures.

By the Hundred Pounds Weight.		*By the Buſhel.*	
RICE,	60 ſ	Indian Corn,	17 ſ. 6 d
Turpentine,	15 ſ	Black-eyed Peaſe,	17 ſ 6 d
Rozin,	*none*	Red Ditto,	12 ſ 6 d
Flour,	4 l	Potatoes,	10 ſ
Hemp, *(beſides the bounty)*	8 l	Ruff Rice,	12 ſ. 6 d
Flax, Dreſſed	20 l	Ground Nutts,	20 ſ
Ship Bread,	4 l. 10 ſ	Oats,	12 ſ. 6 d
Cordage,	11 l. 5 ſ	Lime,	2 ſ
Tobacco,	5 l. *to* 6 l	*By the Thouſand Wright.*	
Saſſafras,	20 ſ	Corn Blades,	12 l 10
By the Barrel.		Hay,	10 l
Pitch,	50 ſ	*By the Box.*	
Green Tar, } *no dem.*	70 ſ	Soap,	2 to 3 ſ. 9 d. lb
Common Tar, }	45 ſ	Dipt Tallow Candles,	4 ſ. 6
Pork,	13 l.	Mould Ditto,	5 ſ
Beef,	8 l.	Myrtle Wax ditto,	6 ſ
By the Pound.		*By the Thouſand,*	
Deer Skins,	14 to 15 ſ	Shingles,	4 l. 10 ſ
Ditto in the Hair,	7 ſ. 6 d	Bricks,	7 l
Beaver Skins,	20 ſ	*Staves:* White Oak Pipe,	50 l
INDICO, Flora,	*none*	Ditto Hogſhead,	28 l
Beſt purple & copper,	25 ſ	Ditto Barrel,	16 l
Second Sort,	20 ſ	Red Oak Hogſhead,	*none*
Ordinary,	5 *to* 15 ſ	Plaiſtering Laths,	40 ſ
Tanned Leather,	5 *to* 5 ſ. 3 d.	*By the Hundred.*	
Pink & Snake Root,	5 ſ	Reeds,	20 ſ
Myrtle wax,	5 ſ	*By the Hogſhead.*	
Bees Wax,	6 ſ	Rum, *per Gallon*,	13 ſ
Butter, in firkins,	3 ſ. 6 d	*By the Cord.*	
Hogs Lard,	*none*	Red Oak Bark,	*none*
Tallow,	3 ſ	Firewood,	4 l
Single refined Sugar	5 ſ. 6 d		

CHARLES-TOWN, NOVEMBER 30.

On Tueſday laſt the General Aſſembly of this Province met here, purſuant to Prorogation; when His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor was pleaſed to open the Seſſion with the following SPEECH:

Honourable Gentlemen of His Majeſty's Council, Mr. Speaker, and Gentlemen of the Aſſembly,

IF I had nothing in Command from the King, to be immediately laid before you, I was unwilling to call you together ealier than was conſiſtent with your Convenience; reſerving to that Time, the ſeveral Matters which I ſhall now recommend to your Conſideration.

His Majeſty having been graciouſly pleaſed to commit the Regulation of the Indian Trade to the reſpective Legiſlatures of His American Colonies; Regard being had by them to the Freedom of Trade, granted by His Majeſty to all His Subjects, by His Royal Proclamation in the Year 1763: I make no Doubt, but this Mark of the Royal Condeſcention and Confidence, will prompt you to that Zeal, which the Importance thereof requires. On this Occaſion, I ſhall point out, as particular Objects, the providing an effectual Law to prevent any Settlements being made beyond the Boundary eſtabliſhed between His Majeſty's Subjects and His Indian Allies; to reſtrain His Majeſty's Subjects from killing Beaver and Deer on the Indian Hunting Grounds; and to prohibit Trafficking with Indians coming into our Settlements: All which Practices may prove of dangerous Conſequence to the Tranquillity of our Back Settlements.

It is with great Satisfaction I acquaint you, that the Bounty given by you for ſome Years paſt, for raiſing Hemp, hath happily anſwered your Intentions; ſeveral Hundred Tons having been made this Year; and the Culture thereof, will doubtleſs receive additional Spirit from the Bounty given by Parliament.

The Raw Silk raiſed in this Province, at the Expence of the Public, by Way of Experiment, having been approved, and found to be of a good and merchantable Quality, I am perſuaded you will avail yourſelves of the favourable Opportunity, which the Act of Parliament, lately paſſed, to encourage the raiſing of Silk in His Majeſty's Plantations in America, preſents, by taking ſuch Meaſures, as will effectually eſtabliſh in this Province that valuable Article of Commerce.

Wine from European Vines, hath lately been made in our North-Weſtern Settlements, where the Soil and Climate are very favourable: But the People in thoſe Parts, though willing, are unable to employ their Labour, from which poor Men muſt receive immediate Returns, in cultivating Vines, which require three Years Growth before they yield Profit. It will therefore deſerve your Conſideration, whether this is not an Object that may merit your Encouragement.

Good Wheat hath for many Years been raiſed here, tho' our Flour is ſtill at a lower Price than what is imported; and late Experience has ſhewn, that Tobacco of the beſt Quality is produced amongſt us. Theſe Articles ſtand in Need of no other Help, to render them more valuable, and a conſiderable Addition to our Exports, than our enacting ſuch Laws, for their Improvement, as have been found beneficial in our neighbouring Colonies.

To theſe pleaſing Proſpects of our growing Proſperity, let me add one Thing, to crown the Happineſs of Man in his moſt flouriſhing Condition, the Neceſſity of having the Principles of our moſt holy Religion inſtilled, and the true Worſhip of God publickly practiced by able Miniſters, much wanted in the diſtant but populous Settlements on the North-Weſtern Parts of our Province. The late Diſturbances there, occaſioned by Grievances in a great Meaſure owing to the Newneſs of the Settlements and Diſtance from the Seat of Juſtice, are now appeaſed, from a Reliance on the Legiſlature to give Redreſs to them by paſſing ſuch Laws as will relieve them, from the Inconveniences and Hardſhips which their remote Situation at preſent expoſes them to, will remove their Uneaſineſs, and render them more uſeful, as they are already well-diſpoſed, Members of the Community.

Mr. Speaker, and Gentlemen of the Aſſembly,

I have ordered the Public Treaſurer to lay before you the Accounts of Public Debts for the current Year, and as Fort Johnſon ſtands in Need of ſome Repair, I ſhall order an Eſtimate of the Expence thereof to be laid before you: Theſe are the only Services for which at preſent I muſt deſire you to make Proviſion.

Honourable Gentlemen of His Majeſty's Council, Mr. Speaker, and Gentlemen of the Aſſembly,

The ſeveral Matters which I have laid before you, are of ſuch Conſequence, towards ſecuring the Peace and Safety, advancing the Trade and Wealth, and promoting the Proſperity and Happineſs of the People of this Province, that I am convinced they will engage your Attention, from whence I have Reaſon to derive the moſt ſanguine Expectation of their ſpeedy Accompliſhment.

Nov. 28, 1769. WILLIAM BULL.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

To the Honourable WILLIAM BULL, *Eſquire, Lieutenant-Governor, and Commander in Chief, in and over His Majeſty's Province of* South-Carolina.

The humble ADDRESS *of His Majeſty's* COUNCIL.

May it pleaſe your Honour,

WE, His Majeſty's dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Council of this Province, beg Leave to return your Honour our Thanks, for your Speech delivered Yeſterday to both Houſes of Aſſembly.

We acknowledge, with Gratitude, His Majeſty's Goodneſs, in being graciouſly pleaſed to commit the Regulation of the Indian Trade to the reſpective Legiſlatures of his American Colonies. And as we are ſenſible it is a Matter of great Moment to this Province, we ſhall not fail to give it a due Conſideration; and will uſe our Endeavours to promote the paſſing ſuch Laws, as may be neceſſary to ſecure, to the Indians, the free and undiſturbed Uſe and Enjoyment of their Hunting Grounds, to reſtrain the pernicious Practice of trading in the Settlements, and to eſtabliſh ſuch other wholeſome Rules and Regulations as Juſtice and ſound Policy may require.

The ſeveral other Matters you have been pleaſed to recommend to our Conſideration, we eſteem as a freſh Proof of that Zeal and Attention to the Intereſts of this Province, that has uniformly diſtinguiſhed your Honour's Adminiſtration. And convinced, from Experience, that your ſole Study is, to approve yourſelf a faithful Servant to our moſt gracious Sovereign, and a Promoter of the Happineſs and Proſperity of the People entruſted by him to your Care, we beg Leave to aſſure your Honour of our Readineſs, to promote the Encouragement of the uſeful and valuable Staples, mentioned in your Honour's Speech, which ſo evidently tend to advance the Trade, and augment the Wealth, of this very flouriſhing and important Province.

By Order of the Houſe,

In the Upper Houſe of Aſſembly, the 29th Day of Nov. 1769. OTHNIEL BEALE.

To the above Addreſs, His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor was pleaſed to return the following ANSWER:

Honourable Gentlemen,

THE ready Diſpoſition which you expreſs in this Addreſs, to pay a due Attention to the ſeveral Matters I have laid before you, demands my ſincere Thanks.

I deſire you to accept my particular Acknowledgements, for the favourable Sentiments you are pleaſed to entertain of my feeble, but faithful, Endeavours to ſerve His Majeſty and this Province, in which I have been always ſo well aſſiſted by your Advice.

Nov. 30, 1769. WILLIAM BULL.

To the Honourable WILLIAM BULL, *Eſquire, Lieutenant-Governor, and Commander in Chief, in and over His Majeſty's Province of* South-Carolina.

The Humble ADDRESS of the COMMONS HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY of the ſaid Province:

May it pleaſe your Honour,

WE His Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons Houſe of Aſſembly of the Province of South-Carolina, beg Leave to return your Honour our Thanks, for your Speech delivered in General Aſſembly, on Tueſday laſt.

Your Honour's Recommendation, with Regard to the Indian Trade, merits the ſerious Conſideration of this Houſe, and we ſhall accordingly take ſuch Steps therein, as may ſeem moſt conducive to the Intereſt of the Province.

It is highly agreeable to this Houſe, that the Bounty granted on the Culture of Hemp, hath proved ſo beneficial to the Province, and ſatisfactory to your Honour.

We are ever grateful for Favours conferred on us by the Mother-Country, and we ſincerely wiſh the Bounty granted by Parliament, on the making of Silk in America, may fully anſwer their Intention. And we beg Leave to aſſure your Honour, that there ſhall be nothing omitted on our Part to accelerate the ſame.

We hope the Culture of Grape Vines may meet with the wiſhed for Succeſs; nor will this Houſe be wanting, in any further Meaſures they may find expedient for the Promotion thereof.

Reſpecting the further Encouragement of Wheat Flour and Tobacco, we will, agreeable to your Honour's Recommendation, frame ſuch Laws, as ſhall appear to us moſt likely to promote the Cultivation of thoſe valuable Commodities.

This Houſe, truly ſenſible how neceſſary it is to promote the Practice of Religion and Virtue amongſt the Inhabitants of the new Settlements on our North-Weſtern Frontiers; and having already paſſed a Law, for the eſtabliſhing of Courts of Juſtice there; will, upon every Occaſion, give all due Encouragement to any Thing which ſhall be propoſed for their Benefit and Advantage.

We promiſe your Honour, that no Time ſhall be loſt, after the public Accounts are laid before us, to make ample Proviſion for the Diſcharge thereof. And when your Honour ſhall think proper, to order an Eſtimate of the Expence of the Repairs of Fort Johnſon, to be laid before this Houſe, we ſhall immediately take the ſame under Conſideration.

By Order of the Houſe,

PETER MANIGAULT, *Speaker.*

30th Day of Nov. 1769.

To which Addreſs, His HONOUR was pleaſed to give the following ANSWER:

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen,

I Return you my hearty Thanks for this Addreſs. The Aſſurances you give me, of your Readineſs to attend to the ſeveral Matters I have recommended to your Conſideration, cannot but be very acceptable to me, as the Welfare of this Province, which is always my principal Object, will be thereby greatly promoted.

Nov. 30, 1769. WILLIAM BULL.

The Heart of Oak, from London, which arrived here the 30th of October, brought in upwards of 700 Packages of Britiſh Goods, purchaſed and ſhipped before our Reſolutions were known in England, or countermanding Orders received; the Flora, from Briſtol, above 400; and the Active, from London, about 220, under the ſame Circumſtances, except ſome which are agreed to be ſtored: But the Polly and Betſey, one of the laſt arrived, has brought only 50; and the Carolina-Packet *(which always uſed to come out full,* and is the laſt from London) only 64; and it is remarkable, that none of theſe contain Goods *for Sale*, except 12 Boxes of Pipes, 2 Cheſts, and 2 Bales, ordered long before our Reſolutions were entered into. A Proof that our Merchants are as reſolved to ſacrifice their private Intereſt to the public Good, as thoſe of any other Colony, or the other Inhabitants of this.---Some Packages of Goods are alſo brought, in the ſeveral late Veſſels from Scotland, and one from Hull, but they appear chiefly as *Conſignments to the Captains*; ſuch as ought to be ſtored, conformable to our Agreement, no Doubt will.

The Rice, mentioned in our laſt, belonging to a *Non-Subſcriber* at *George-Town*, we are informed, remains in Store, ſtill *unſold*: Other Non-Subſcribers, not meeting with Purchaſers for theirs, have ſhipped, and are ſhipping, it off.

The Aſſemblies of New-Jerſey and Connecticut have entered Reſolutions on their Journals, and ordered the ſame to be publiſhed, highly applauding the Conduct of the Merchants of the ſeveral Colonies, who have ſo far ſacrificed their private Intereſt to the common Cauſe of America, as to deſiſt importing Britiſh Manufactures, till the Revenue-Acts are repealed.

The Preamble to, and the Reſolutions entered into by the People of Rhode-Iſland on the 30th of laſt Month, reſpecting Non-Importation, Oeconomy, &c. are nearly the ſame as thoſe of this Province.

The Merchants and Traders at Marblehead and Providence in New-England, have conſented to deliver up all the Goods that were expected by them this Fall (not excepted in their Agreements) to be ſtored at their own Expence, by the Committees of Merchants at thoſe Places reſpectively, till the Revenue-Acts are repealed.

We learn from Boſton, that Mr. Patrick Smith [*See this Gazette, No.* 1781.] is returned for London, with the Goods he brought out.

The 9th Inſtant the Pennſylvania Packet, Capt. Falconer, carried back ſome Goods, imported at Philadelphia, from London, contrary to the general Agreement, to which the Pennſylvanians moſt rigidly adhere.

About three Weeks ago, a Ship from England, arrived in Maryland, with Goods for different Perſons, to the Amount of 20,000 *l.* and they were all immediately ſtored.

By the News-Papers and private Letters, we not only find, that many new Manufactures are already eſtabliſhed in the Northern Colonies, but alſo, that conſiderable Premiums, and other Encouragements are given to improve them, and introduce others. And we have the Pleaſure to inform our Readers, that Mr. Peter Giroud, Weaver, in King's-Street, has made, and continues making, as good Breeches Patterns, Stockings, Gloves, Caps, &c. of our own Wool, Silk, Cotton, and Thread, as ever were imported from any Place whatever, if not preferable. In ſome Parts of the Back Settlements, fine Linens, Dimities, and Fuſtians, are alſo made, beſides a great deal of Homeſpun.

In Order to improve the Woollen Manufactory in the Northern Colonies, ſome Gentlemen there have lately imported, from Barbary, Rams of the true Turky Breed.

The Town of Boſton have publiſhed an APPEAL to THE WORLD, or its VINDICATION, from many falſe and malicious Aſperſions contained in certain Letters and Memorials, written by Governor Bernard, General Gage, Commodore Hood, the Commiſſioners of the American Board of Cuſtoms, and others, and by them tranſmitted to the Britiſh Miniſtry.

The Rev. Dr. Witherſpoon, Preſident of the College at Prince-Town in New-Jerſey, is arrived in Virginia, and has been very ſucceſsful in collecting Donations for that Foundation, which as yet has no other Support than the Generoſity of the Public.

It is thought, indeed we have Authority to ſay, that was a Subſcription at this Time ſet on Foot, for eſtabliſhing a College here, it would meet with almoſt unexampled Encouragement; ſome Gentlemen having declared their Readineſs to ſubſcribe Five Hundred Pounds Sterling, immediately, and many, not under Fifty Pounds. And as no Colony on this Continent can be in a more flouriſhing State, or ſtands ſo much in Need of ſuch an Inſtitution, 'tis hoped, the Patriots of the Times, will not ſuffer the prevailing Spirit, for having our Youth properly inſtructed, to be diſappointed. Every one now ſeems ſo fully convinced of the Neceſſity and Utility of ſuch an Eſtabliſhment, in this polite and rich Colony, that to enumerate the Advantages to be derived therefrom, is abſolutely unneceſſary.

On Saturday laſt, returned here from the Northern Colonies, in the Brigantine Prince of Wales, the Hon. Henry Middleton, Mrs. and Miſs Middleton; William Cattell, Eſq; Mrs. Cattell, and Miſs Lynch; Thomas Smith, Eſq; (of Broad-Street) Andrew Johnſton, Eſq; Mr. Thomas Morry; Mr. Alexander Inglis, of Georgia, &c. Capt. Marſhal, Maſter of the Brigantine, died the Night before her Arrival, of a Quinſey.

Laſt Sunday Mr. George Ancrum, Merchant, was married to Miſs Catharine Porcher, eldeſt Daughter of Iſaac Porcher, Eſq.

On Monday laſt, arrived from London, in the Ship Carolina Packet, Captain White, Mrs. Brewton, with the only Son of Miles Brewton, Eſq; John Ainſlie, Eſq; and the Right Hon. Lady Mary Ainſlie. The ſame Day Capt. White ſpoke with the Georgia Packet, Capt. Anderſon, from London for Savannah, paſſing by this Bar, all well.

Laſt Tueſday returned from England, in the Ship Sally and Betſey, Captain Stanſell, Mrs. Sarah Blackewey, and Richard Beresford, Eſq; with his whole Family.

The ſame Day arrived in Five-Fathom-Hole, the Ship Friendſhip, Samuel Ball, jun. Maſter, from London, with that celebrated Preacher the Rev. George Whitefield on board, and has been detained there, by bad Weather, ever ſince.

The 19th Inſtant, Mr. Eli Kerſhaw, of Rockingham, was married to Miſs Mary Cantey, Daughter of Capt. John Cantey, of Camden.

The following is a Copy of an Advertiſement inſerted in the Boſton Gazette:

A LIſt of the Names of *thoſe* who AUDACIOUSLY continue to counteract the UNITED SENTIMENTS of the BODY OF MERCHANTS throughout NORTH-AMERICA; by importing Britiſh Goods, contrary to the Agreement:

JOHN BERNARD,
JAMES M'MASTERS, & Co.
JOHN MEIN.

Timothy's Maxine Liſt.

Nov.	Arrivals at Charles-Town,	*From*
24*th.*	Brigantine Jolliff, William Reid,	Poole
25*th.*	Brigantine Duke of Athol, Robert Grinly,	Cowes
	Brigt. Prince of Wales, William Moore,	Philadelphia
27*th.*	Ship Carolina-Packet, William White,	London
	Brigt. William & Alice, James Clark,	Hull
	Sloop Sukey & Nancy, Richard Newbold,	St. Chriſtopher
28*th.*	Ship Friendſhip, Samuel Ball, jun.	London
	Ship Sally & Betſey, Francis Stanfell,	Portſmouth
	Ship Friendſhip, James Cowan,	Burrowſtouneſs
	Ship Polly & Betſey, James Bailey,	London
	Ship Lillies, Hercules Angus,	Burrowſtouneſs
	Brigantine Adventure, William Froſt,	Hull
	Scooner Bro'ton Iſland, Peter Bachop,	St. Auguſtine
	Sloop Mary, Jonathan Burch,	Antigua
30*th.*	Ship St. Francis, George Tremlett,	Oporto
	Brigantine Neptune, John Teeton,	London
Nov.	Sailed,	*For*
27*th.*	Snow Betty, Angus McLarty,	Liſbon
	Sloop Benjamin, Nathaniel Dickinſon,	St. Chriſtopher
	Sloop Elizabeth, James Gilcriſt,	Barbados
	Sloop St. George, George Judkin,	Jamaica
28*th.*	Ship Heart-of-Oak, Henry Gunn,	Liſbon
	Brigt. Prince of Wales, Alexander Clark,	Oporto
30*th.*	Scooner Expedition, John Doran,	St. Auguſtine
	Remain windbound or cleared,	*For*
	Ship Le Mentor, Pierre Mellet,	Bourdeaux
	Ship Pennant, James Campbell,	Liverpoole
	Ship Mary, James Gordon,	Cork
	Snow Sally, Richard Purſs,	Cork
	Brigt. Harriot, Charles Dawſon,	Cork
	Sloop Thomas & Anthony, Sol. Gibbs,	St. Chriſtopher
	Scooner Nancy, John Bowditch,	George-Town
	May ſail between this and our next.	*For*
	Ship Flora, William Carter,	Oporto
	Snow Exbury, Jacob Woolf,	Antigua
	Brigt. Elizabeth, William Bound,	Liſbon
	Brigt. Matty, James Moodie,	Figuera
	Brigantine Prince of Wales, Wm. Moore,	Philadelphia
	His Majeſty's Pt. Boat *Eagle*, Capt. *Jer. Beale*,	Falmouth
	Scooner Hawke, Benjamin Weſt,	George-Town
	Scooner Margaret, Benjamin Barton,	Antigua
	Sloop Sally, Peter Schermerhorn,	New-York
	Sloop Charles-Town, Joſeph Durfee,	Rhode-Iſland
	Sloop Polly, John Conyers,	Sal Tortuga
	Sloop Balmer, Nathaniel Butterfield,	Antigua
	Sloop Wanchy, Samuel Caſs,	Jamaica
	Entered out, and leading.	*For*
	Ship Dolphin, Henry Simblet,	London
	Ship Providence, Richard Linthorne,	Oporto
	Ship Hannibal, Joſeph Puddicombe,	Barcelona
	Ship London, Alexander Curling,	London
	Ship Dolphin, Thomas Mackrell,	Goſport
	Ship Union, William Coombes,	London
	Snow Grandſon, John Lamb,	Liſbon
	Snow Chatty, William Thompſon,	Viana
	Brigt. Jolliff, William Reid,	Liſbon
	Brigt. Portland, John Pitt,	Oporto
	Brigt. William & Alice, James Clark,	Liſbon
	Brigt. Turnbull, James Baillie,	Tortola
	Brigt. Free American, Thomas Frye,	Grenada
	Sloop Charles-Town, John Leaycraft,	New-Orleans
	Other Veſſels in Port.	
	His Majeſty's Ship *Fowey*, Capt. *Mark Robinſon*,	
	Ship Mary, Alexander Pearſon,	
	Ship Planters Adventure, Miles Lowley,	London
	Ship Nanny, David Perry,	
	Ship Betſey & Elſey, John Harriſon,	
	Ship St. George, Collin M'Alpine,	
	Ship Betſey, Benjamin Lockyer,	
	Ship Britannia, John Denniſtone	
	Snow Active, William Maſkall,	London
	Snow Swift, John Thompſon,	Oporto
	Brigt. Friendſhip, Roger Willis,	Oporto
	Brigt. Seaflower, Richard Nicholls,	
	Brigantine Smyth, John Moncrieff,	
	Brigt. Carolina-Society, Patrick Bower,	Oporto
	Polacre Amable Maria, Franciſco Luzardo,	Cadiz
	Scooner Liberty, William Gickie,	
	Scooner Seaflower, Nathaniel Godfrey,	
	Scooner Experiment, Edward Darrel,	Bermuda
	Scooner Polly, Samuel Stone,	
	Scooner Sally, William Blyth,	
	Sloop Hope, Francis Williams,	
	Sloop Beaufain, Nathaniel Catlin,	Grenada
	Sloop Roby, John Earle,	Jamaica
	Sloop Frankfort, James Littlefield,	
	Sloop Polly, Thomas Newland,	
	Sloop Hawke, Charles Henry,	Antigua

RADCLIFFE & SHEPHEARD

HAVE IMPORTED,

In the LIBERTY, *Captain* LASLEY, *and the* FLORA, *Captai* CARTER, *from* BRISTOL,

EXCEEDING good Duffil Blankets; Iriſh ſheeting and ſhirting Linen of different Prices; Womens and Girls Callimanco and Leather Shoes and Pumps; Mens and Boys Leather Ditto, Oſnabrugs, low-priced Yorkſhire Cloths, Mens, Womens, Boys, and Girls coarſe and fine Worſted Hoſe, ſtriped and plain Flannels, Worſted Damaſks, Callimancoes, Durants, Tammies, and Cambſet, ſtriped and figured Ditto, for Negro Wenches Gowns, Scots Plaid, ſcarlet, blue, and Crow-coloured Allopeen, Womens and Girls ſcarlet and white Cloaks and Cardinals, green-Handled Table and Deſart Knives and Forks, with and without Caſes: Which, with a large Aſſortment before on Hand, they will ſell on the uſual Terms, at their Store oppoſite to the Lieutenant-Governor's, in Broad-Street.

PROPOSALS

FOR ENGRAVING BY

SUBSCRIPTION,

TO BE

Dedicated, by Permiſſion, to His MAJESTY,

By *JOHN COLLET*, Eſq;

A Complete MAP of NORTH-CAROLINA, on a large Scale, from an ACTUAL SURVEY: Wherein the Settlements in the Province are particularly delineated, with the Names of the preſent Poſſeſſors.

CONDITIONS.

THE Price to Subſcribers will be ONE GUINEA, to be paid on the Delivery of the Map, which will be in America in January next.

SUBSCRIPTIONS are taken in by Meſſrs. THOMAS and ROGER SMITH, and at TIMOTHY's Printing-Office in BROAD-STREET.

JOHN BRAILSFORD,

AND

ROBERT MUNCREEF,

HAVING entered into Co-partnerſhip, under the Firm of BRAILSFORD and MUNCREEF, beg Leave to inform their Friends, that they have juſt imported in the Heart-of-Oak, Capt. Gunn, from LONDON,

A Compleat Aſſortment of GOODS,

Suitable to the SEASON;

Which they will diſpoſe of very reaſonably, at their Store on the Bay, lately occupied by Mr. THOMAS GADSDEN.---Thoſe who will pleaſe to favour them with their Orders, may rely on their being punctually complied with.

Amongſt a Variety of other Articles, are the following,

A Large Aſſortment of Broad Cloths, with ſuitable Trimmings, Duffil Blankets, plain and ſtriped Lute-ſtrings, white flowered Ditto, black Mantua, Paduſoy, figured Sattin, Half-ell Sarſnet, Flanders Bed Tick, and Bed Bunts, dyed Jean, figured and corded Dimity, Cotton Counterpanes, Thread Lace ſorted; Loaf-ſugar, Bohea, Hyſon, and green Tea, Raiſins, Currants, Spices of all Sorts, Taffeties, plain and flowered Lawns, Cambricks, 6-4 Huckaback, Diaper tabling and napkining, Damaſk, Book Muſlin, Jackonet Ditto, Cravat Ditto, printed Cottons and Callicoes, Chints, Piſtol and Long Lawns, Ruſſia Linen, brown Holland, Dowlas, Ruſſia Diaper, Raven's Duck, dyed Ruſſia Drab, bleached Ditto, Womens Callimanco and Everlaſting Pumps and Shoes, Sattin Ditto, green and black Maſks, Glaſs Lanthorns, Poland Starch, ſcented and plain Hair-Powder, Fig and Powder Blue, Olives, Capers, Anchovies and Walnuts, cut and dry Tobacco, London made Guns, and Piſtols, proved Barrels, Cutlaſſes, Morocco ſword Belts, and Shot Pouches, Mens Caſtor and Beaver Hats, Womens faſhionable Hats, Bonnets and Cardinals, Womens, Maids and Girls Stays, Boys black Sattin Caps, with Oſtrich Feathers, for Ditto, Shoe Thread and Spinnel, winding Horns, Bottle Stands, with Braſs Handles, Ivory Handle Knives and Forkes, Flaſkets; a variety of China Plates, and Diſhes, two or three Sets of compleat Tea China, and China Cups and Saucers, Family Medicines, Morocco Pocket-books, Backgammon Tables, Needles, Fiſh-Hooks, Ell and yard-wide Umbrellas, Copper Tea Kettles and Coffee Pots; Threads of all Sorts, Tapes and Bobbing, Mens wove and pleated Stocks, Hat Crape, Bombazine; Men and Womens Gloves, Mahogany Tea Cheſts, Dreſſing Glaſſes, Mahogany Sconces, with gilt-Edges, Weſton's Snuff, ſewing Silk, Damaſks, Camblets, Serge-de-Niſme, Claret coloured Manchester Velvet, Scarlet, Crimſon and black Hair Shag, London Porter, &c. &c.

JOHN M'CALL, junior,

INTENDS to carry on the FACTORAGE BUSINESS, and will eſteem himſelf much obliged to thoſe, who ſhall pleaſe to favour him with the Sale of their Crops. Letters, or Orders, directed for him, at his Houſe in Elliott-Street; nearly oppoſite to Crouch's Printing-Office, will be punctually attended to.

THE Subſcriber, having made ſome Progreſs in the Art of making POT and PEARL-ASH, at a conſiderable Expence: Deſires all thoſe who may want Inſtructions for that Purpoſe, to call on him, in King-Street, at Mr. JACOB WIRTH's, where they may meet with him, and at the ſame Time that they may ſerve themſelves, oblige

Their moſt obedient humble Servant,

JOHN HACKLE.

For Sale by Private Contract,

THE HOUSE in ELLIOTT-STREET now in the Occupation of Mr. JOHN LOGAN. For Particulars enquire of ISAAC HUGER or, in his Abſence, of

EDWARD LIGHTWOOD, jun.

A Grey HORSE, 13 Hands high, 7 or 8 Years old, branded on the off Shoulder IMK in one.

One black Ditto, 13 Hands high, a trotter, has a ſmall Star in his Forehead, branded on the off Shoulder R S, and on the near Shoulder ↄ.

One grey Ditto, 13 Hands high, 9 Years old, branded on the off Shoulder M P

in one.

One bay Ditto (Age unknown) a trotter, about 12 Hands and an Half high, branded on the mounting Shoulder D S, and on the Thigh of ſame Side ☾

☞ The Owners of the above mentioned Strays, may apply to, and prove their Property, before

JOHN LIVISTON, J. P.

SHIP-CHANDLERY.

WILLIAM PRICE,

Has juſt imported, in the Ship LIBERTY, JOHN LASLEY, *Maſter, from* BRISTOL,

BEST Bridport CANVAS, and ſundry other Articles; Which, with the Goods he had on Hand, makes his Aſſortment complete, to be ſold, at his Store on the Bay, near the Vendue-Houſe; where an Aſſortment of CORDAGE is lodged for Sale.

He has alſo, a few Bales of WHITE PLAINS, of a good Quality and Breadth, to diſpoſe of.

JUST ARRIVED,

In the Ship Liberty, John Laſley, *jun. from* BRISTOL,

WHITE, blue, and green PLAINS, Briſtol Duffils, Kerſeys, Serges, ſuper-fine blue, white, brown, and blue grey Broad Cloths, and a Piece of blue and white Ditto, bought cheap, and to be ſold accordingly, by

75-8t THOMAS GADSDEN.

JAMES COURTONNE

JEWELLER, in BROAD STREET,

Has juſt imported, in the Heart-of-Oak, *Captain* Gunn, *from* LONDON,

AN Aſſortment of Sterling PLATE and JEWELS, of the neweſt Faſhions, moſt elegantly finiſhed; chaſed and plain Coffee-Pots, Waiters, Butter-Boats, Salt-Cellars, Stands with Glaſs Caſtors, Tureen and Punch-Ladles, Table, Deſert and Tea-Spoons, Silver-Handle Knives and Forks, Silver and double gilt Swords, Couteaux-de-Chaſſe, ſpring and ſocket Silver and plated Spurs, Tortoiſe-ſhell Combs, plain and jewelled; a great Variety of MARCASITE and COQUE-DE-PEARL Ear-Rings, Aigret Sprigs: Which he will ſell at the loweſt Advance, and allow *ten per Cent.* diſcount for CASH.

He continues to make and mend Diamond and mourning Rings, and Ear-Rings and Lockets engraved and enamelled in the neateſt Manner:---The greateſt Price given for old Gold and Silver.

PHILADELPHIA, OCTOBER 30, 1769.

THE PUBLIC may be informed (by us the Subſcribers) that have made Uſe of THIS COUNTRY STEEL, in various Ways, ſome of which we found very good, and a great Deal otherwiſe: But, upon a late Trial of the STEEL, made by HUMPHRIES & ZANE, we have uſed it for different Kinds of Work; ſome of us have tried it in the very beſt of edged Tools, and do find, that it is EQUAL, if not SUPERIOR, to any imported from ENGLAND. Witneſs our Hands,

ROBERT EASTBURN,	
ADAM STRICKER, ſen.	JAMES HENDRICKS,
JOSEPH SERMON,	DANIEL OFFLEY,
JAMES MORRELL,	ISAAC BUCKINGHAM,
JOHN JERVIS, jun.	WILLIAM DAWSON,
JOHN MOODY,	MATTHEW POTTER, jun.
DANIEL EVANS,	JAMES COFFEE.

Said STEEL is to be ſold by ATTMORE & PETERS, at their Store in Water-Street, a few Doors below Cheſnut-Street: Where may be had, IRON of the beſt Quality, well aſſorted, either by Wholeſale or Retail.

RICHARD LATHAM,

GUNSMITH,

At the CROSS-PISTOLS, in KING-ST.

Acquaints his Friends and Cuſtomers,

THAT he ſtill continues in that Branch, returns Thanks for former Favours, and hopes for a Continuance of the ſame.---He likewiſe carries on the CUTLERY BUSINESS, in all its various Branches, having engaged a complete Workman, lately arrived from London, for that Purpoſe.

TO BE SOLD, on Tueſday *the 5th Day of* December *next, at the Houſe of Mrs.* MARGARET CARPENTER, *on the Green, oppoſite to the Poor-Houſe, at 10 o'Clock in the Forenoon,*

ALL the EFFECTS of EZRA WAITE, deceaſed, conſiſting of two Negro Fellows, and three Boys; one of the Fellows a Bricklayer: Several Pieces of curious carved work, his Tools, Books, Cloaths, &c. &c.

All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Deceaſed, are requeſted to diſcharge the ſame immediately; and thoſe to whom the ſaid Eſtate is indebted, are deſired to bring in their Accompts properly atteſted, to

MARGARET CARPENTER, Executrix.
ALEXANDER HOGG, Executor.

To be SOLD, at public Vendue,

At Mr. Culliatt's, *in* Jackſonborough, *on* Thurſday *the 14th Day of* December *next,*

THE PLANTATION at the Round-O, containing 400 Acres, good for Rice, Corn and Indico, belonging to the Eſtate of THOMAS BRADWELL, deceaſed, and joining to Mrs. Ofwald's. ALSO,

The Cowpen, containing 400 Acres of good Planting Land; together with above 200 Head of Cattle, Horſes, Hogs, and Proviſions. Credit will be given to the firſt of January, 1771, paying Intereſt, and giving Security, if required, to

HANNAH BRADWELL, Executrix.

INFORMATION has been given me of the following STRAYS, viz.

A Sorrel Gelding, about 9 Years old, nearly 13 Hands high, a Star in his Forehead, branded on the nigh Shoulder [illegible] a flaxen Mane and Tail.

A bay Gelding, about four Years old, near 14 Hands high, branded on the nigh Shoulder I P

J, with ſome Saddle Spots on his Back.

A grey Mare, about 8 Years old, nearly 13 Hands high, branded on the nigh Shoulder 4, has ſome dark Spots on the off Shoulder, and a ſmall Bell on; likewiſe a bay Filley, unbranded, a Star in her Forehead.

A grey Gelding, nearly 13 Hands high, about 5 Years old, branded on the off Buttock S.

A blue roan Mare, about 12 Years old, nearly 13 Hands high, branded on the nigh Shoulder S-†, and on the other Shoulder like 6.

A bay Gelding, about 10 Years old, nearly 13 Hands high, branded on the nigh Shoulder I B, with a ſmall Bell on.

A dark bay Gelding, 12 Hands high, 5 Years old, branded on the nigh Shoulder and Buttock T D in one.

A dark grey Gelding, 3 Years old, nearly 12 Hands high, has a roach Mane, a Star in his Forehead, and paces. The Owners of the above Strays muſt apply, and prove their Property before JOHN WINN, J. P.

A QUANTITY OF NEW

CAROLINA FLOUR,

AND

SHIP BREAD in Barrels,

Juſt arrived from CAMDEN, and to be ſold, by

WILLIAM ANCRUM, and
AARON LOOCOCK.

THE Partnerſhip of JOHN BRAUND, and Company, expires the Firſt of *January* next, by Conſent; They therefore inform the Public, that they intend to ſell at Public Vendue, on the firſt *Tueſday* in *January* next, for *Caſh*, or Six Months Credit, giving Security and paying Intereſt from the Date,

ALL their CARTS, DRAYS, and HORSES, with all the Harneſs and other Tackling complete, a Parcel of ſpare Harneſs, and Stable Utenſils.

Likewiſe, a good SCHOONER, that carries Ninety Barrels of Rice, or Twelve Cords of Wood, with all her Rigging, Sails, Anchors, Cables, &c. complete.

At the ſame Time will be SOLD,

THE Leaſe of a Half Acre LOT on the Green, of which there is Five Years and an Half to come, from the firſt Day of *January* next, with all the Buildings thereon, which are to be taken away at the Expiration of the Leaſe, conſiſting of a good Stable, with Stands for Thirty Horſes, a good Corn-houſe, Harneſs-houſe, Chair-houſes, and Sheds for Water Caſks, and a large Brick Well, 12 Feet diameter, of the beſt Water in Charles-Town. Alſo a ſmall Dwelling-houſe with Four Rooms in it on the Lot, and every other Conveniency fit for carrying on the Carting and Watering Buſineſs.

Likewiſe, one able ſtout NEGRO FELLOW, belonging to the Company, and the Leaſe of the Paſture, up the Path, of which there is Two Years to come.

Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe the whole, or any Part, by private Sale, may treat with us the Subſcribers.

JOHN BRAUND,
MICHAEL KALTEISEN,
JOHN MARLEY.

N. B. They deſire all thoſe that have any Accompts againſt the Partnerſhip, to ſend them in as ſoon as poſſible, in order to have them ſettled.

LOST, NOVEMBER 16, 1769,

Between ASHLEY-FERRY, *and* CHARLES-TOWN,

TWO Fifty Pounds Bills, wrapped up in a Piece of white Paper. Whoever will deliver the ſaid Bills to the Printer hereof, ſhall be properly rewarded.

WANTED, the Middle of next Month,

A Single MAN, that underſtands the Management of Negroes on a Rice Plantation: Such a One, well recommended, will meet with good Encouragement, by applying to

BENJAMIN SIMONS.

Charles-Town, Nov. 16, 1769.

RUN away, about three Months ago, an indentured Dutch LAD, named CONRAD MIRE, about five Feet ſix Inches high, much pitted with the Small-Pox, ſtammers in his Speech, and is a Taylor by Trade.---A Reward of FIVE DOLLARS will be paid to any Perſon that will deliver him to the Warden of the Work-Houſe, or to Mr. Thomas Gadſden, in Charles-Town. All Maſters of Veſſels, and others, are forwarned from employing, harbouring, entertaining, or carrying the ſaid Lad off the Province, as they may depend on being proſecuted

EWISE,

STRAYED or STOLEN, in May laſt, a large black HORSE, with a Star in his Forehead, branded M (but on what Part is forgot) his Tail docked, paces a ſlow travelling Gate: Under his Right Eye he has a ſmall Wart, and the other appears to have received a Blow. Whoever delivers the ſaid Horſe to Mr. Thomas Gadſden, in Charles-Town, ſhall receive FIVE DOLLARS Reward.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

DANIEL LEGARE, jun. who is in Cuſtody of the Provoſt-Marſhal, by Virtue of three Writs of Capias ad Reſpondendum, one at the Suit of Richard Grubb, and Alexander Watſon, one at the Suit of Thomas Shubrick, and Richard Shubrick, and one at the Suit of Edmund Gomond, having petitioned the Honourable the Juſtices of his Majeſty's Court of Common Pleas, that he may be admitted to the Benefit of the Act made for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors: IT IS ORDERED, That the ſaid Richard Grubb, Alexander Watſon, Thomas Shubrick, Richard Shubrick, and Edmund Gomond, and all others to whom the ſaid Petitioner is any Wiſe indebted, be, and they are hereby ſummoned, and have Notice, to appear at the uſual Place of Judicature, at the firſt Sitting of the Court of Common Pleas or General Seſſions, which ſhall happen three Months after the Publication hereof, to ſhew Cauſe, if any they can, why the ſaid Petitioner ſhould not have the Prayer of his Petition granted.

Solomon Legare, ſen. to whom Part of the Petitioner's Eſtate is under Mortgage, is ſummoned to be and appear, at the Time and Place above mentioned, to render an Account, upon Oath, of what is really and bona fide due upon the ſaid Mortgage, upon Pain of having the ſame deemed fraudulent.

JAMES JOHNSTON, D. C. C. P.

Pleas-Office, Oct. 18th, 1769.

Charles-Town, Nov. 1ſt, 1769.

AGREEABLE to the directions of an act of the general aſſembly of this province, intituled, "an act "to regulate the PRICE and ASSIZE of BREAD:"

I HAVE enquired the price of FLOUR, and find that imported from the *Northern* colonies to be at *five pounds* and *fifteen ſhillings, per hundred* lb. weight, and *Carolina* Flour at *three pounds* and *fifteen ſhillings*, (being both uſed by the bakers); at which price the HALF CROWN loaves muſt weigh, as follows:

Of NORTHWARD Flour.	lb.	oz.	dwt	Of CAROLINA Flour.	lb.	oz.	dwt
White,	1	13	0	White,	2	11	0
Wheaten,	2	11	8	Wheaten,	4	0	8
Houſhold,	3	10	0	Houſhold,	5	6	0

Of which all Bakers of Bread are required to take due notice. BENJAMIN SIMONS, Com. Gen.

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